

3(PRT)

10/538185

TABLE SAW

JC17 Rec'd PCT/PTO 09 JUN 2005

1

2

3 Background Information

4

5 The present invention is directed to a table saw according to the definition of the  
6 species in Claim 1.

7

8 Table saws with a table top are known, over which a saw blade is positioned,  
9 whereby the upper region of the saw blade is covered by a guard which is height-  
10 adjustable relative to the saw blade and/or the table top, and whereby the saw  
11 blade is angularly-adjustable relative to the table top to enable diagonal cuts. If,  
12 to make diagonal cuts, the saw blade, together with the guard, is angularly-  
13 displaced around a swivelling axis located substantially parallel to the saw blade  
14 and in the plane of the table top, a gap forms between the guard and the work  
15 piece on the side of the guard which forms an obtuse angle with the table top.  
16 The more obtuse this angle is, the larger the gap is and, therefore, the greater  
17 the danger is that the operator will become injured during sawing, because his  
18 finger can accidentally slip through the gap and contact the saw blade.

19

20 Advantages of the Invention

21

22 The present invention having the features of Claim 1 has the advantage that a  
23 risk of injury due to the gap between the guard and the work piece or the table  
24 top can be ruled out, whereby effective, simple means for this were created.

25

26 Due to the fact that the gap is automatically closed when it forms, regardless of  
27 its size, safety is automatically ensured and the previous source of danger is  
28 automatically eliminated.

29

30 Due to the fact that the protective panel rests with its narrow side on the table  
31 top, tries to remain there due to its sufficiently heavy natural weight, and

1 simultaneously bears with its flat side against a side wall of the guard such that it  
2 is movable in parallel therewith and can thereby follow any swivelling motions  
3 made by the guard, the gap is kept closed regardless of the angular position of  
4 the saw blade and, therefore, the guard.

5  
6 Due to the fact that the protective panel is supported on the side wall of the guard  
7 which forms an obtuse angle with the table top when the saw blade is swivelled,  
8 the safety-relevant side of the guard is automatically reliably protected.

9  
10 Due to the fact that the protective panel includes two elongated holes extending  
11 perpendicularly to the table top and functioning as guide channels for the parallel  
12 displacement of the protective panel relative to the side wall, each of the  
13 elongated holes being penetrated by a screw which is screwed into the side wall,  
14 the heads—or the like—of which overlap the protective panel, the protective  
15 panel is supported using simple means such that it is movable relative to the side  
16 wall and is prevented from accidentally coming loose from the guard; this also  
17 ensures a secure resting position on the work piece and/or the table top. This is  
18 due to the fact that, when the saw blade and/or guard are angularly displaced,  
19 the protective panel changes its angular position but not its height relative to the  
20 work piece or the table top and reliably keeps the gap closed. In the case of an  
21 angular displacement with an increasing obtuse angle, the side wall on which the  
22 protective panel is mounted moves upward relative to the protective panel.

23  
24 Due to the fact that, in the front region of the guard, an offset tab of the protective  
25 panel which is transverse to the protective panel and, therefore, transverse to the  
26 saw blade, extends in parallel with the elongated holes through a side wall of the  
27 guard to shortly before the diametrically opposed side wall, the region of the  
28 guard in front of the saw blade is also closed—except for the lateral gap between  
29 the side wall and the work piece—to prevent penetration by the hand.

30

Due to the fact that a side wall of the guard includes a slot which is open downward to allow penetration by the offset tab of the protective panel, the protective panel with its offset tab can extend downward out of this slot at any time or, vice versa, the side wall with the slot can move upward relative to the protective panel as the result of swivelling motion and distance itself therefrom.

Due to the fact that the side wall of the guard with the protective panel includes guide ribs on which the protective panel bears and is capable of gliding, friction between the protective panel and the side wall is minimized, and it is ensured that the two parts can move relative to each other in an unencumbered manner.

Due to the fact that the guard is composed of transparent material, the saw blade and the site of engagement of the saw teeth in the work piece is particularly easy to control.

Due to the fact that the guard is height-adjustable relative to the table top such that a work piece having any (within limits) dimensions fits between the table top and the guard, whereby the guard rests on the work piece, the guard is adaptable to work pieces to be sawed which have different thicknesses.

Drawing

The present invention is explained in greater detail below with reference to an exemplary embodiment and an associated drawing.

Figure 1 shows a spacial view of a table saw with guard and protective panel, Figure 2 shows a section of the table saw in Figure 1 in the region of the guard, and

Figure 3 shows an enlarged section according to Figure 2.

## 1 Description of the Exemplary Embodiment

2

3 A table saw 10 shown in Figure 1 forms, with its lower frame 12, a base region  
4 14 and stands therewith on a workbench, which is not shown. Seated on top of  
5 lower frame 12 is a table top 16 penetrated by a slot 18 extending at a right angle  
6 to at least one of the table edges, through which a saw blade 20 (Figure 3)  
7 extends upward, which is covered by a guard 26.

8

9 Saw blade 20 is seated on a saw assembly (not described in greater detail)  
10 which is supported below table top 16 in a pivotably displaceable manner,  
11 whereby saw blade 20 with guard 26 is swivellable toward the left as shown in  
12 the figure around a swivelling axis 24 indicated with the dash-dotted line, which is  
13 located approximately in the plane of table top 16. Depending on the design of  
14 the table saw, the swivelling axis can also be located clearly below the table top.

15

16 When swivelled to the left, a gap 32 forms between lower edge 40 of right side  
17 wall 29 of guard 26 and table top 16 or a work piece (not shown) capable of  
18 being positioned between guard 26 and table top 16. The gap becomes larger as  
19 guard 26 is swivelled further to the left, whereby an increasingly obtuse angle  
20 forms between right side wall 29 of guard 26 and the surface of the work piece  
21 and/or table top 16. Gap 32 forms because guard 36 bears against lower edge  
22 27 of left (as shown in the figure) side wall 28 and is more or less swivelled  
23 around it, so that lower edge 27 of right side wall 29 lifts off of the work piece  
24 and/or table top 16.

25

26 To safely close this gap 32, two guide bolts 34 are fastened in right side wall 29  
27 of guard 26, the bolts retaining a protective panel 36 such that it is displaceable  
28 parallel to the surface. The distance of bolt heads 35 from side wall 28 is  
29 designed such that protective panel 36 is held with a certain amount of play.  
30 Guide bolts 34 extend through two parallel elongated holes 30 in protective panel  
31 36 extending perpendicularly to table top 16, which are so long and therefore

1 allow such a sufficient amount of displacement travel between protective panel  
2 36 and side wall 29 that protective panel 36 still safely closes a maximum gap  
3 32, even when in an extreme angular position. Due to the fact that protective  
4 panel 36 tries to keep its lower edge resting on table top 16 due to its natural  
5 weight, when guard 26 swivels, it will always move upward relative to protective  
6 panel 36 as the angle increases, or downward as the angle decreases.

7  
8 In its front, left (as shown in the drawing) region, protective panel 36 has a  
9 window-like opening 44 which is formed by a substantially C-shaped punched  
10 contour, the surface of which is bent at a right angle along a connecting line  
11 between the end points of the C-shaped contour, passes through a slot 30 in  
12 right side wall 29 of guard 26 (Figures 2, 3) and forms a tab 42 extending across  
13 to the diametrically opposed side wall 28. This tab 42 prevents frontal penetration  
14 by the operator's hand through front opening 48 of guard 26 and therefore  
15 reduces the risk that the saw blade will come in contact with the fingers.

16  
17 Saw blade 20 and guard 26 are located in a right-angled position relative to table  
18 top 16, so that a "zero" gap 32 exists and, although protective panel 36, with its  
19 front tab 42 bent at a right angle, does not have a lateral gap 32 to close, it still  
20 closes front opening 48 of guard 26 with its tab 42 to prevent the operator's hand  
21 from accidentally touching the saw blade, therefore also performing a safety  
22 function in this position of guard 26.

23  
24 Figure 2 shows a section of table top 16 with guard 26, the saw blade 20 (Figure  
25 3) of which is swiveled to the left by approximately 45°, the movement of which  
26 guard 26 follows in a synchronous manner. A distinct gap 32 having a width of at  
27 least 1 cm has formed between lower edge 40 of side wall 29 and top side of  
28 table top 16, which is also safely closed by protective panel 36. Said protective  
29 panel has slid relative to right side wall 29 of guard 26 to the very bottom along  
30 its elongated holes 38. As a result, front opening 48 of guard 26 is  
31 simultaneously closed by tab 42 of protective panel 36.

Figure 3 shows a section of Figure 2; it is a partial, enlarged view of guard 26. The position of lower edge 27 of side wall 29 and a view of the bent tab 42 performing its closing function are shown particularly clearly. The longitudinally extending gap 32, i.e., the distance between lower edge 27 of side wall 29 relative to table top 16, is clearly visible, as is the way that protective panel 36—displaced parallel to side wall 28—closes this gap 32. The contour of saw blade 20 inside guard 36 is indicated using a line of circles, and slot 18 for passage of saw blade 20 through table top 16 is shown schematically as a dash-dotted line. Gliding ribs 46 and slot 30 in right side wall 29 are also shown clearly.

In the case of a saw assembly capable of swivelling toward either side, protective panels must be located on both side walls of the guard, of course.